

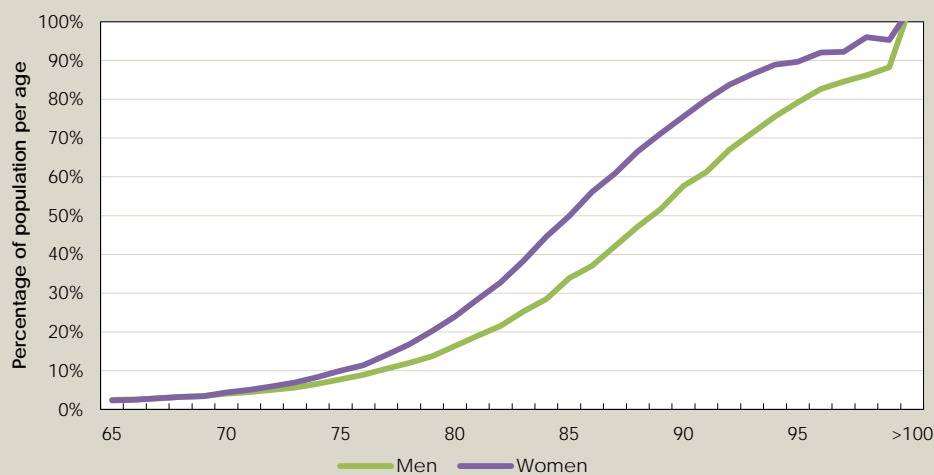
Statistics on Care and Services for the Elderly 2015

The statistics show that special housing, home help service and security alarm are the most common services for elderly. More woman than men have services, especially for those older than 80 years and for the services security alarm and companion service.

More women than men get services

A total of 375,500 persons 65 years or older had at SoL-service during 2015. Of those 375,500 totally 315,500 had services October 31 2015. More women than men 65 years or older has got care and service October 31, the women was about 68 per cent of the population. The proportion of men and women with services in the population distributed by age is shown in Figure A. There is shown that a bigger part of the female population than the male population has services. The difference between men and women is biggest in ages 85 to 90. After people turn 100 years almost all of them has some services. The services with biggest proportion women are security alarm and companion services both in which the women has about 70 per cent of the services. The men are only most in relief services were they have about 60 per cent of the services.

Figure A. Percentage woman and men with services per age



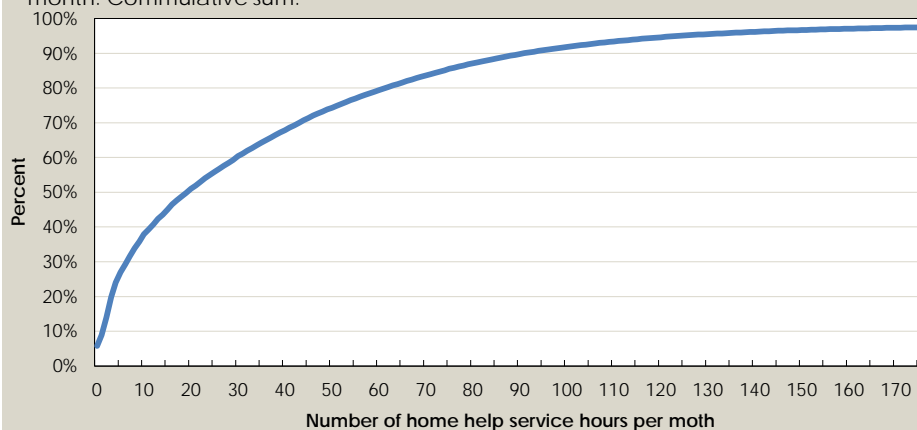
Source: the register for care and social services for the elderly and for persons with impairments, National Board of Health and Welfare

Half of the home help service receivers have less than 26 hours help a month

Around half of those that have home help service in ordinary housing have up to 26 hours a month. The proportion of persons that has got at least a certain amount of home help service hours per month is shown in Figure B. There is shown that a very small proportion of those with home help services have got more than 175 hours help a month. Among the oldest, those that are 95 years or older, 20 per cent has got 80 or more hours a month of home help service. In the other age groups the per cent lies between 11 and 14 per cent. For 8 per cent of the home help service receivers the municipalities cannot report how many hours they have the right to.

Figure B. Proportion of persons per number of home help service hours

Proportion of persons with at least a certain amount of home help service hours per month. Commulative sum.



Source: The register for care and social services for the elderly and for persons with impairments, National Board of Health and Welfare

Among those that had the right to short term housing October 31 there were 66 per cent of them that actually had a bed in short term housing that day. Most of the people that had a bed in short term housing October 31 had stayed there more than 3 weeks during October.

More information

You can find more tables, graphs and information in the following Excel file (in Swedish, but with English list of terms):

www.socialstyrelsen.se/publikationer2016/2016-4-29

If you want to use our statistical database (in Swedish):

www.socialstyrelsen.se/statistik/statistikdatabas/alldreomsorg

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