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# Statistics on Care and Services for Persons with Impairments 2025

**Living support, home help services and security alarm was the most common service according to the Social Services Act (SoL) for people in the age 0–64 year with impairments. In total 63 600 persons with impairments had at least one service under the Social Services Act (2001:453) on 31 October 2025.**

## **About municipal services for persons with impairments**

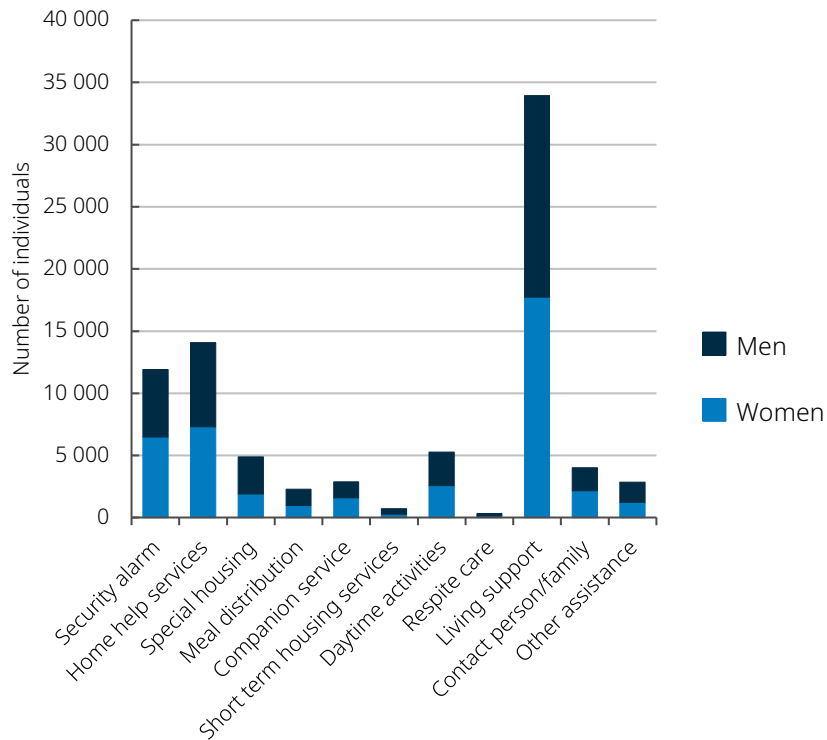
Persons with impairments can be serviced both according to the Social Services Act (SoL), covered here, and according to The Act concerning Support and Service to Persons with Certain Functional Disabilities (LSS). Services according to LSS is covered in a separate report. Some persons can have services both according to SoL and according to LSS.

## Living support most common service

As of October 31, 2025, nearly 63,300 people with disabilities had at least one ongoing decision regarding support under the Swedish Social Services Act (SoL). The most common type of support was living support, provide to around 34, 000 individuals, followed by home care in ordinary housing (14, 000 people) and personal safety (12, 000 people). The gender distribution among those receiving support on October 31, 2025, was relatively even—51 percent women and 49 percent men—with minor variations between the different types of support, as shown in Figure 1.

Living support means support of daily living for persons with an intellectual or psychological impairment living in ordinary housing. Living support can be practical as well and social and aims to strengthen the ability of a person to function in everyday life, at home as well as in society.

**Figure 1. Number of people with disabilities 0–64 years old with ongoing decisions on support under SoL as of 31 October 2025, by sex and type of support**



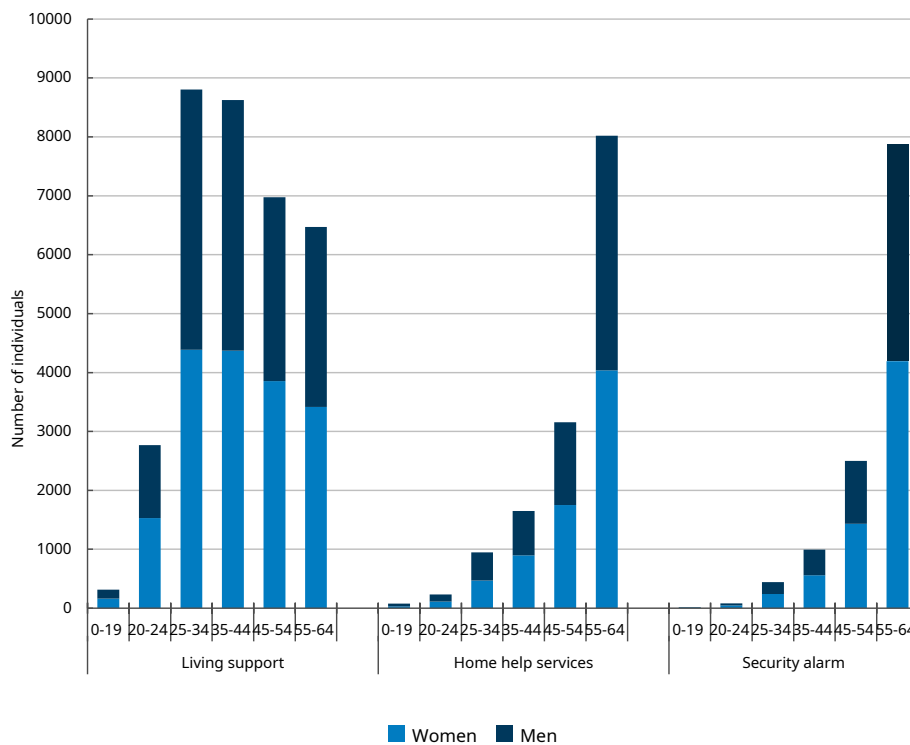
Source: National Register of Care and Social Services for the persons with Impairment, The National Board of Health and Welfare.

## Age group 55–64 has most persons receiving service

The highest number of people with disabilities who have an ongoing decision regarding social service support is found in the 55–64 age group. However, some differences are observed regarding the three most common types of support, both between age groups and between women and men.

For living support, the number of people receiving support was highest in the 25–34 age group, followed by the 35–44 age group. Among those receiving support, 49 percent of the women and 53 percent of the men were in these age groups.

**Figure 2. Number of people with disabilities 0–64 years old receiving living support, home help services and security alarm as of 31 October 2025, by sex and age**



Source: National Register of Care and Social Services for the persons with Impairment, The National Board of Health and Welfare.

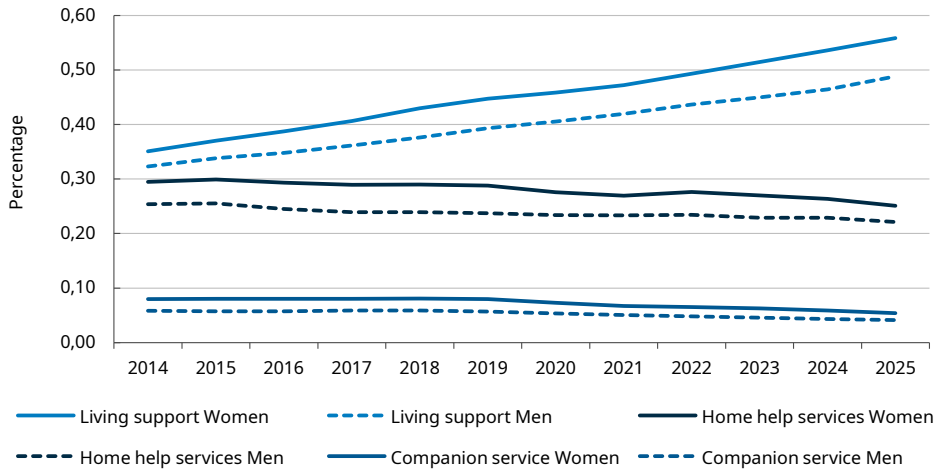
Home help services in ordinary housing and security alarms were most common among individuals aged 55–64 years. This age group clearly predominates among persons receiving these services. Among those receiving home help services, 55 percent of women and 59 percent of men belonged to this age group. Among those receiving security alarms, 65 percent of women and 68 percent of men were in this age group.

## Housing Support under the Social Services Act (SoL) Continues to Increase

The proportion of the population aged 0–64 receiving living support as a social service has increased annually since 2014. Throughout the entire period, the proportion has been higher among women than among men, and the difference has widened over time. In 2025, nearly 17,500 more individuals received housing support compared with 2014.

The largest decreases in the proportion of the population aged 0–64 years receiving services have occurred within home help services and companion services. The decrease has been greater among women than among men, contributing to reduced gender differences for these interventions.

**Figure 3. Percentage of individuals receiving living support, home help services and companion service 2014-2025, by sex**



Source: National Register of Care and Social Services for the persons with Impairment, The National Board of Health and Welfare

### Regional Statistical Areas and Area Type

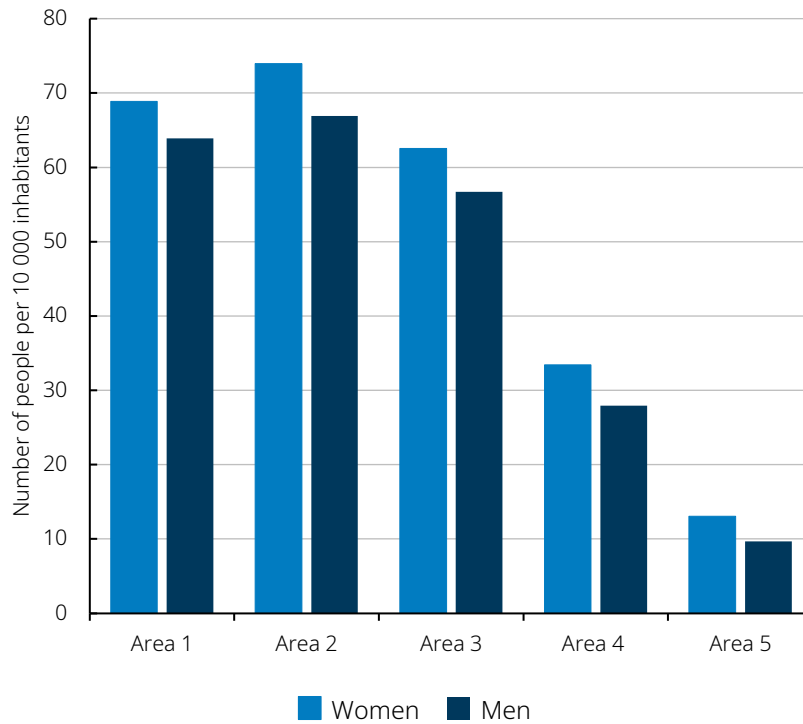
This fact sheet presents statistics based on area type, a socioeconomic classification derived from Regional Statistical Areas (RegSO). RegSO divides Sweden into 3,363 areas that align with county and municipal boundaries and are compiled based on the Swedish population as of December 31 each year—that is, all living individuals registered in Sweden. Area type is based on the Socioeconomic Index (SEI), which is calculated for each RegSO. The SEI consists of the average of three indicators: the proportion (within each area) of people aged 20–64 with less than upper secondary education, the proportion of individuals with low economic standard (regardless of age), and the proportion of people aged 20–64 receiving economic assistance and/or classified as long-term unemployed. A higher SEI value indicates greater socioeconomic vulnerability. Using the number of standard deviations from the mean, a grouped variable—area type—is created. This ranges from areas with significant socioeconomic challenges (Area Type 1) to those with very favourable socioeconomic conditions (Area Type 5).

## SoL Support Services More Common in Disadvantaged Areas

The number of individuals with a decision for housing support was highest in areas characterised by socioeconomic challenges or major socioeconomic challenges. In these areas, the number of individuals receiving the service was approximately twice as high compared with areas that have favourable

or very favourable socioeconomic conditions. This pattern applied to both women and men. Compared with the previous year, no major changes were observed.

**Figure 4. Number of people receiving housing support per 10,000 inhabitants as of 31 October 2025, by sex and type of socioeconomic area**



Source: National Register of Care and Social Services for the persons with Impairment, The National Board of Health and Welfare. Statistics Sweden.

### More information

You can find more tables, graphs and information here (select Tillhörande dokument och bilagor):

<https://www.socialstyrelsen.se/statistik-och-data/statistik/alla-statistikamnen/socialtjanstinsatser-till-personer-med-funktionsnedsattning/> (in Swedish, but with English list of terms).

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